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# 2012 **TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING**

Time Allowed: 3 Hours }

Sl. No. :

[ Maximum Marks: 300

PDTC

Read the following instructions carefully before you begin to answer the questions.

# IMPORTANT INSTRUCTIONS

- This Booklet has a cover (this page) which should not be opened till the invigilator gives signal to open it at the commencement of the examination. As soon as the signal is received you should tear the right side of the booklet cover carefully to open the booklet. Then proceed to answer the questions.
- 2. This Question Booklet contains 200 questions.

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- 3. Answer all questions.
- 4. All questions carry equal marks.
- 5. You must write your Register Number in the space provided on the top right side of this page. Do not write anything else on the Question Booklet.
- 6. An Answer Sheet will be supplied to you separately by the Invigilator to mark the answers. You must write your Name, Register No., Question Booklet Sl. No. and other particulars on side 1 of the Answer Sheet provided, failing which your Answer Sheet will not be evaluated.
- 7. You will also encode your Register Number, Subject Code, Question Booklet Sl. No. etc., with Blue or Black ink Ball point pen in the space provided on the side 2 of the Answer Sheet. If you do not encode properly or fail to encode the above information, your Answer Sheet will not be evaluated.
- 8. Each question comprises four responses (A), (B), (C) and (D). You are to select ONLY ONE correct response and mark in your Answer Sheet. In case you feel that there are more than one correct response, mark the response which you consider the best. In any case, choose ONLY ONE response for each question. Your total marks will depend on the number of correct responses marked by you in the Answer Sheet.
- In the Answer Sheet there are **four** brackets [A | [B ] [C ] and [D ] against each question. To answer the questions you are to mark with Ball point pen ONLY ONE bracket of your choice for each question. Select one response for each question in the Question Booklet and mark in the Answer Sheet. If you mark more than one answer for one question, the answer will be treated as wrong. e.g. If for any item, (B) is the correct answer, you have to mark as follows:

# [A] [C] [D]

- You should not remove or tear off any sheet from this Question Booklet. You are not allowed to 10. take this Question Booklet and the Answer Sheet out of the Examination Hall during the examination. After the examination is concluded, you must hand over your Answer Sheet to the Invigilator. You are allowed to take the Question Booklet with you only after the Examination is over.
- Failure to comply with any of the above instructions will render you liable to such action or penalty as the Commission may decide at their discretion.
- 12. Do not tick-mark or mark the answers in the Question Booklet.

Turn over

7 ŀ r - 1 . .

1. . Match List I with List II correctly and select your answer using the codes given below :

3

								•			
List I							List II				
		a)	Clar	ence P	еггу		1)	Super block concept			
		b) Raymond Unwin 2) Theories on Ekistics									
		c) Clarence Stein 3) Satellite Towns									
		d)	Dox	iadis			4)	Neighbourhood concept.			
Codes:											
		а	b	c	đ						
	A)	2	1	3	4						
	B)	B) 3 2 4 1									
	C)	1	4	2	3						
\	ps)	4	3	1	2.						
	In how many types were the villages classified in Manasara?										
	A)	A) 4 types B) 3 types									
	C)	) 6 types 8 types.									
	The plan of Washington DC was conceived by Pierre l'Enfant and it was approved by Washington and Jefferson.										
	Wha	t patte	ern of	street l	ayout is	adopted	d in W	Vashington DC ?			
	A) Radial streets										
	B) Diagral and radial streets										
	C) Diagonal streets and grid cross streets										
`	DI	Diagr	al and	radial	streets,	superin	npose	d upon the typical grid iron layout.			
	Area	of a r	neighb	ourhoo	d accord	ling to C	. Pen	ry will be around			
	A)	1600	acres				B)	2600 acres			
	C	3600 acres DD 160 acres									

4.

2.

3.

5.	Nati	onal Capital Region is spread over		
	A)	Union Territory of Delhi		
	B)	Delhi and part of Uttar Pradesh		
	C)	Uttar Pradesh and Haryana		
	DI	Union Territory of Delhi, Part of U	Uttar Pr	adesh, Haryana and Rajasthan.
6.	Con	servative surgery in planning will i	result ir	1
	A)	mass displacement of population	B)	congestion in other parts
	C)	huge financial outlay	D)	more or less a renewal process.
7.	Moh	enjodaro represents		•
	A)	Tiger Valley Civilisation	BI	Indus Valley Civilisation
	C)	Nile Valley Civilisation	D)	Yellow River Valley Civilisation.
8.	Silpa	a Sastra deals with		·
	A	Town Planning in ancient India	B)	Sculpture
	C)	Dance	D)	None of these.
9.	The	'Finger plan' was adopted for the	extensio	on of the city of
•	M	Copenhagen	B)	Chennal
	C)	Brasilia	D)	New Delhi.
10.	Whi	ch of the following books Ebeneze	r H <b>o</b> wai	rd published in 1898 ?
	AV	To-morrow : A Peaceful Path to R	teal Refe	orm
	B)	Garden Cities of To-morrow		
	C)	Model Garden Cities of To-morro	w	
	D)	Garden Suburb of London.		•

						•				
11.	Acro	polis i	n Gree	ek citie	s were	mainly	a			
	<b>SS</b>	Religi	ous sa	nctuar	y		B)	Market place		
	C)	Public	squa	re			D)	Place of Assemb	bly.	
12.	The	city of	Mohe	njodar	o was lo	ocated or	n the b	anks of the river		
	A)	Ravi					B)	Sind		
•	9	Indus	ı				D)	Ganges.		
13.	lder	ntify tl	ne chi	ronolo	gical o	rder in	which	the following	civilisations	have
	deve	eloped	in the	world	:					
	A)	Nile'v	alley, I	lndus v	valley, T	Γigris & I	Euphra	ites valley and Ye	ellow valley	
	B)	Indus	valley	, Tigri:	s & Eup	ohrates v	alley, Y	Yellow valley and	Nile valley	
,	$\mathcal{G}$	Tigris	& Eu	phrate	s valley	, Nile val	lley, Inc	dus valley and Ye	ellow valley	
	D)	Yellov	v valle	y, Nile	valley,	Tigris &	Euphr	ates valley and I	ndus valley.	
14.	Mat belo		t I with	h <b>List</b>	II corre	ectly and	select	your answer usi	ing the codes	given
			L	ist I				List II		
		a)	Tel-e	el-Ama	rna		1)	Yellow valley		
		·b)	Moh	ienjoda	ro		2)	Tigris & Euphra	tes valley	
		c)	e) Ur				3)	Indus valley		
		· d)	City	Shang			4)	Nile valley		
	Cod	es:								
		α	b	c	d					
	A)	4	3	1	2					
	B)	2	1	4	3					
	C)	3	4	2	1					
	$-\Delta$		_	_						

15. Match **List I** with **List II** correctly and select your answer using the codes given below:

#### List II List I Ziggurat 1) Tel-el-Amarna a) 2) b) Citadel Ur Royal Palace of Chou 3) Mohenjodaro c) Abakan d) Pyramid 4) Codes: đ а C A) 4 2 3 1 4 2 3 **B**) 1 . 2 3 4 1 3 2. 1 4 D) Who was associated with planning of New Delhi? A) Le Corbusier B) Patrick Geddes NDI) Lutyens. C) Doxiadis Who was involved in the planning of Chandigarh city? 17. Lutyens B) Doxiadis A) Le Corbusier D) Patrick Geddes. In planning and development of the new towns viz. Chandigarh, Gandhinagar 18. and Maraimalai Nagar certain planning concepts have been adopted. Some planning concepts are listed hereunder. Use the codes to choose the similar planning concepts which have been adopted in planning of three new towns. Sector concept Self contained unit Green channel Capital complex Codes: & A) & Bì &

&

D)

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, 1	19.		••		s have similar function and one is which is of different function.
	,	A) Ch	andigarh	BI	Rourkela
		C) Ga	ndhinagar	D)	Bubaneshwar.
2	20.	•	the following new towns, thr ferent function.	ee town	s have similar function and one is
		Identify	the new town which is of diff	erent fu	nction.
		A) Bh	ilai	B	Neyveli
		C) Du	ırgapur	. <b>D</b> )	Bokaro.
2	21.		st 'Doxiadis' has put forward e in the list given below :	certain	planning concepts and those are
		Use the	codes to identify the correct	answer	:
		· I.	Urban Renewal Model		
		· II	. Diagnostic survey		
		II	I. Modular		
		IV	/. Theories of Ekistics		
		Of these	,	Δ	
		A) (I)	), (II) & (IV)	B	(I) & (IV)
		C) (I)	), (III) & (IV)	Γ,	(I) & (III).
2	22.		rick Geddes has advocated le in the list given hereunder :	certain	planning concepts and those are
		Use the	codes to identify the correct	answer	;
		I.	Survey before plan		·
		II	. Survey methods		
		II	I. Conservative surgery		
		. IV	V. Outlook tower.		
		Of these	e <sub>.</sub>		
		A) (I),	(II) & (III)	B)	(II), (III) & (IV)
		<b>⊘</b> (1).	(III) & (IV)	D)	(II) & (III).
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23. Match **List I** with **List II** correctly and select your answer using the codes given below :

			Lis	st I				List II
		a)	Triad	l Diagr	am		1)	Le Corbusier
		b)	Thre	e Magr	iets Diagram		2)	Soria-y-Mata
		c)	High	Densi	ty		3)	Sir Ebenezer Howard
		d)	Linea	ar publ	lic transport s	ystems	4)	Sir Patrick Geddes
	Code	?s :						
		a	b	c	đ			
,	A	4	3	1	2			
	B)	3	4	2	1			
	C)	1	2	4	3			
	D)	2	1	3	4.			
24. The town should be divided into different so that suitable rules and regulations can be framed for each of them.								
	A)	Planni	ng divi	sion	•	B)	Planni	ng units
	C)	Sector	s			DI	Land t	use zones.
<b>2</b> 5.	The	growth	n of tl	he tow	ns and citie	s can	take p	lace in two ways. One is
	Horizontal growth. What is the other growth					rowth?	•	
	A)	Incline	d grow	<i>r</i> th		BI	Vertica	al growth
	C)	Oppos	ite gro	wth		D)	Extern	al growth.
26.	Popu	ılation	size of	Metrop	oolis is			
	AY	10,00,	000 ar	nd abov	ve	В)	1,00,0	0,000 and above
•	C)	1,00,0	00 and	l above		D)	10,000	and above.
					,			

- 27. Area required for nursery school as per normal standard is
  - A) 1 hectare

B) 2 hectares

C) 3 hectares

- 0.2 hectare.
- 28. A cul-de-sac's length shall not normally exceed 60 metres. At the closed end of cul-de-sac, there should be turn-around area. What shall be the radius of turn around area?
  - A) 6 metres

B) 12 metres

9 metres

- D) 15 metres.
- 29. The broad urban landuses of town include some of the following:

Use codes to identify the correct answer:

- 1. Residential
- II. Industrial
- III. Commercial
- IV. Hotel & Cinema.

Of these

A) (I), (III) & (IV)

B) (II), (III) & (IV)

Ø) (I), (II) & (III)

- D) (I), (II) & (IV).
- 30. What is the optimum plot size ( width to depth ratio ) in urban area among the following?
  - A) 1:1&1:2

(B) 1:1 $\frac{1}{2}$ &3:5

C)  $1:1\frac{1}{2} & 3:4$ 

D)  $1:1 & 1:1\frac{1}{2}$ .

31.	A house plot measures 25 m $\times$ 40 m and the single storey building ( built-up
	area ) in the plot measures 15 m $ imes$ 30 m. The plot coverage is

A) 35%

B) 40%

√C/ 45%

- D) 50%.
- 32. A house plot measures 1200 m<sup>2</sup> and the total floor area of the multi-storey building in the plot comes to 1800 m<sup>2</sup>. The floor space index is

A) 1.2

**\B**( 1.5

C) 1.6

- D) 1.8.
- 33. The water supply requirement ( minimum ) for domestic purpose to a small town is

√A) 70 lpcd

B) 80 lpcd

C) 90 lpcd

D) 100 lpcd.

34. Choose the correct one:

Ekistics is the seience dealing with

synthesising factor affecting human settlements

- B) using natural elements in planning
- C) socio-economic study
- D) diagnostic survey.
- 35. The first effort in Modern Town Planning in India was originated with the appointment of a commission in 3 presidencies during 1864.

The commission was

Sanitary Commission

- B) Health Commission
- C) Town Planning Commission
- D) Welfare Commission.

30.	CHO	ose the relationship among the folic	Jwing	iour types or plans.	
		I. Perspective plan			
		II. Development plan			•
		III. Annual plan			
		IV. Projects and schemes.			
	Of t	hese			
	A)	Perspective plan and Developmen	ıt plan	are interrelated	
	B)	All the 4 types of plans are indep	enden	t	
•		All the 4 types of plans are interr	elated		
	D)	Projects and schemes are not rela	ated.	,	
37.	Reco	onnaissance survey is useful in plai	nning	exercise to	
	A)	identify housing characteristics			
	B)	identify socio-economic characteris	stics		
	C)	ensure the traffic network			
•	D)	delimit the study area.			
38.	Out	lying residential districts of a city is	term	ed as	
	<b>A)</b>	Urban sprawl	B	Suburban area	٠,
	C)	Fringe area	D)	Urban node.	•
39.	The	general slope of the land in Tamil N	Vadu i	s from	4. 
,	AV	North-west to South-east	B)	North-east to South-east	
	C)·	North-west to South-west	D)	South-west to North-east	
40.	Whi	ch among the following criteria	is th	ne most important one	to locate
	indu	ustries ?			
	A)	Adequate water supply			
	B)	Closer to place of consumption ray	v mate	erials	
	C)	Cheaper land value		•	
,	اهر	Proximity to transport facilities.			
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- 41. Various levels of shopping facilities in urban settlements as stipulated by the National Building Code, 2005 are
  - A) convenient shops, cluster centre, sector centre, community centre, district centre
  - B) informal shops, formal shops, general retail service and repairs, wholesale
  - C) petty shopping, cluster shopping, community centre, district centre, central business district
  - convenient shopping, local shopping, community centre, district centre, local wholesale market.
- 42. Functional classification of urban roads as per Indian Road Congress in its proper hierarchy is
  - A) Expressway, Arterial, Sub-arterial, Collector, Local
  - B) Arterial, Sub-arterial, Collector, Local
    - C) Arterial, Sub-arterial, Collector, Local, Cul-de-sac
    - D) Expressway, Arterial, Collector, Sub-arterial, Local, Cul-de-sac.
- 43. Match **List II** with **List II** correctly and select your answer using the codes given below:

#### List I List II Operation software 1) It deals in graphic data which a) includes enter, manipulate, edit, revise, correct etc. of drawing data such as plans, lines, arcs etc. **b**) Graphic software 2) It allows different tasks viz. architectural. civil, layouts/shop drawings. Application software 3) It includes memory allocation, c) scheduling procesing unit, driving input/out devices & arranging priority operations d) User software 4) Developed by the user/company which contains menus as templates for drafting. Codes: đ a b C

(L) 3 1 2 4 D) 4 2 1 3. 44. From the following data, calculate mean & median. Use the codes to answer *Data*:

Variable	Frequency
1	40
2	50
3	55
4	65
5	70
6	80
$\sum N = 6$	$\Sigma X = 360$

	Means	Medians	
A)	50		60
В)	65		60
S	60	_	60
D)	55	_	65.

# 45. The given data are

Factory	Average Wage	S.D.	No. of Workers
	(Rs.)		
X	34.5	5	476
· <b>Y</b>	28.5	4.5	524

Answer the question using the codes.

Which factory has greater variability in individual wages?

A) X

B

C) No difference

D) Not possible to calculate.

46. Two lists are given below. **List - I** contains nature of questions & **List II** contains meaning of nature of questions but not in order. Match **List I** with **List II** and select your answer from the codes given below:

### List I

#### List II

- a) Disguised type
- 1) Open ended answer (give choice to answer)
- b) Undisguised type
- 2) Hide the purpose
- c) Structured type
- 3) Close ended answer (pre-determined answer)
- d) Unstructured type
- 4) Reveal the purpose

### Codes:

	а	b	C	đ
A)	3	1	2	4
B)	1	2	4	3
S)	2	4	3	1
D)	4	3	1	2

47. Match **List I** with **List II** correctly and select your answer using the codes given below:

# List I

### List II

- a) Towns vs Population for a 1) Qualitative classification particular decade
- b) Decade-wise population 2) Qualitative-manifold classification of a particular town
- c) Data on population, 3) Geographical classification sex & literacy of a town for particular decade

# Codes:

a b C d 1 2 4 3 3 4 2 1 4 2 3 1 2 3 D) 1

48. Match **List I** with **List II** correctly and select your answer using the codes given below:

List I

( Data arrangement )

List II
( Type of frequency distribution )

1) Bivariate frequency distribution

- a) Roll No. Marks

  1 40
  2 33
- b) No. of children No. of families 2) Individual observation

0 12 1 84

c) Marks No. of students 3) Discrete frequency distribution

10 - 20 15 20 - 30 20

d) Marks on two subjects viz. *X* and *Y* 

4) Continuous frequency distribution

$\chi$	15-25	25-35	Total
15-25	1	1	2
25-35	1		1
	·		

Codes:

	а	b	c	d
A)	3	1	2	4
(c)	2	3	4	1
C) 1	1	4	3	2
D)	4	2	1	3

Match List I with List II correctly and select your answer using the codes given 49. below:

Data:

Class

Marks

40-50

12

# List I

# List II

Class limit a)

- More than 40 but less than 50 11
- b) Class interval
- 2) 12
- Class boundaries c)
- 3) The lowest value 40 and the highest value 50
- d) Class frequency
- 4) 10

Codes:

b

3

đ C

1 2 A) 4

3

α

3 4

Bì

2 1

1 2

4 D) 2 1 4 3

Among the following which are all considered as statistical data? 50.

Use the list and code to answer.

### List:

- There is one accident at junction A I.
- Il. Junction A records 12 accidents during the year 2005, 8 accidents during 2006 and 6 accidents during 2007
- III. The literacy rate of state p during the census year 2001 is less compared to the census year 1991
- IV. The state p records the literacy rate during 1991 as 80% and during 2001 as 78%.

Of these

A)

(I), (II) (III) and (IV)

B) (I). (II) and (IV)

- (II) and (IV)

(II) only. D)

# 51. The profit pattern of two projects is given below and identify your inference :

	Profit of (Rs. in lakhs)		
	Project A	Project B	
First year	2.0	8.0	
Second year	5.0	5.0	
Third year	8.0	$2 \cdot 0$	
Average	$\frac{15}{3} = 5.0$	$\frac{15}{3} = 5.0$	

- A) Two projects are equally best
- B) Project A is best, since profits are increasing in nature
- C) Profit of Project B is in declining nature
- Not possible to make inference.
- 52. The distrust of statistics may not be due to
  - A) questionnaire is not proper
  - only by systematic sampling
    - C) data collection by improper persons
    - D) classification of data is not proper.
- 53. Identify the 'Composite Unit' from the following:
  - A) A dwelling

- B) A worker
- A multi-family dwelling
- D) A household.
- 54. ..... data are those which are already collected by someone for some purpose and are available for the present study.
  - A) Primary data

B) First hand data

C) Second hand data

- Secondary data.
- 55. A measure which divides an array into four equal parts is known as .
  - A) First quartile

B) Second quartile

C) Third quartile

Quartile.

56.	The value which occurs the greatest number of frequency in a series is							
	A)	Median	B)	Minimum value				
	C)	Mean	\D)\	Mode.				
57.		dard deviation is the mos	•	easure of dispersion and is widely				
	Stan	dard deviation is also calle	ed					
^	A	Root mean square deviation	on B)	Mean square deviation				
	C)	Square deviation	D)	Mean deviation.				
58.		the measure of the avera s of the original units of th	•	between two or more variables in				
	Wha	t is it ?						
	A)	Economics	B)	Statistics				
	C)	Mean		Regression.				
<b>59</b> .	Perc is	entage of urban population	n residing in sl	ums in India as per Census : 2001				
\	A)	23%	В)	27%				
	C)	47%	D)	32%.				
60.		National Urban Housing a to the Government of Ind		licy, 2007 stipulates the following				
		1. Act as a facilitator a	nd enabler					
		II. Prepare State Urbar	ı Housing and I	Habitat Policy				
		III. Develop capacity bu	ilding at local l	evel				
		IV. Advise and guide lo	cal bodies.					
	Of th	ese .						
	A)	All are incorrect	B)	(I), (II) and (III) are incorrect				
	C)	(I) and (IV) are correct	\psi)	(I) alone is correct.				

- 61. Projects eligible for assistance under JNNURM ( Jawaharlal Nehru National Urban Renewal Mission ) are
  - generation of employment in cities
  - II. water supply and sewerage
  - III. housing development
  - IV. generation and distribution of electricity.

Of these

A) All are correct

- (II) and (III) are correct
- C) (I) and (IV) are correct
- D) (I), (II) and (III) are correct.
- 62. Under non-market mechanism
  - cost is more than price
  - B) price is more than cost
  - C) price is equal to cost
  - D) no correlation between the cost and the price.
- 63. Consider the following statements:
  - I. Under market mechanism the demand and supply are equal.
  - II. The price is equilibrium when the goods demanded and supplied are equal.
  - III. When the price decreases, supply decreases.
  - IV. When the price increases, supply increases.

Of these statements:

- A) (II) alone is correct
- All are correct
  - C) (I), (II) and (III) are correct
  - D) (II), (III) and (IV) are correct.
- 64. Market mechanism is one
  - A) in which the resource allocation is determined by Govt. based on economic plan.
  - in which consumers & businessmen interact through markets.
    - C) in which both private & public institutions only exercise control.
    - D) in which public institutions only exercise control.

- 65. In economics, the input falls into which of the following?
  - I. Natural resources
  - II. Labour
  - III. Capital
  - IV. Technology

Of these

A) (I), (II), (III) & (IV)

B) (II), (III) & (IV)

S

(I), (II) & (III)

D) (I), (II) & (IV).

66. In the case of 'air pollution' when a factory emits smoke that harms the local people and damages their health & property and yet the firms does not pay for these costs.

The above effect is called

A) Market economy

B) Opportunity cost



Externalities

- D) External Economics.
- 67. Match **List I** correctly with **List II** and select your answer using the codes given below:

List I

a)

Total cost

- List II
- 1. It is the total expenses that go on even when zero output is produced
- b) Fixed cost
- 2. It is the lowest total expenses needed to produce each level of output
- c) Variable cost
- 3. It is the unit cost of output from total cost
- d) Average cost
- 4. All items of total cost except for fixed cost including men & materials.

Codes:

 $\boldsymbol{a}$ b d 2 1 2 1 4 3 2 4 3. 1 2. D) 3 4 1

68.		entify the correct sequence of steps involved in project cost-benefit analysis.						
	Use	e codes to give correct answer.						
		<ol> <li>Specification of the project</li> </ol>						
		II. Evaluation of costs & bene	fits					
		III. Listing cost elements & ber	nefit ele	ements				
		IV. Discounting the future to i	ts prese	ent value.				
	Of t	hese .		ī.				
	A)	(I), (II), (III) & (IV)	VI)	(I), (HI), (II) & (IV)				
	C)	(I), (IV), (III) & (II)	D)	(I). (II). (IV) & (III).				
69.	Amo	ong the following, which is consid	dered as	s the best criteria to arrive 'Benefit				
	Cos	t Ratio'?						
	A)	B - C	B)	$B - \frac{C}{I}$				
	C)	$\frac{\Delta B}{\Delta C}$	M	$B = \frac{C}{I}$ $\frac{B}{C}$ .				
70.	Whi	ich is the discount rate which mak	es its n	et present value equal to zero?				
	A)	Discount rate	(B)	Internal rate of return				
	C)	Net present value	D)	Present value of benefits.				
71.	"De	velopment that meets the needs	of the p	present, without compromising the				
	abil	ity of future generations, to meet t	their ow	m needs." What is this development				
	call	ed?						
	A)	Housing Development						
,	BI	Sustainable Development						
	C)	Infrastructure Development						
	D)	Private Sector Housing Developm	ent.					
72	Ame	and the following who are the maj	in contr	ibutors to provide houses in urban				

Central Government departments B)

Local Governments

area?

A)

C)

State Government departments

Private Sectors.

73.		In rural housing development, one of the following agencies play a major role in extending financial loans to the rural folk. What is that agency called?							
	A)	Private developers							
	B)	Private moneylenders							
	C)	Urban Housing Cooperative Society	ies						
•	D	Rural Housing Cooperative Societie	es.						
74.	The	National Housing Policy emphasise	s the r	role of state as .					
	A)	provider of shelter	B	facilitator of shelter					
	C)	both provider and facilitator	D)	providing funds only.					
75.	CPM	I network is		•					
•	<b>A</b>	activity oriented	B)	events oriented					
	C)	activity and events oriented	D)	none of these.					
76.	Fun	damental principle of Urban Comm	unity I	Development is to					
	A)	create an awareness among the funding by governments	com	nunity on various programs and					
	В)	encourage the community to in organisations	volve	and work with non-government					
`	a	enable the people to organize the for improvement	nselve	es, understand problems and work					
	D)	ensure fuller utilisation of technic area.	cal an	d welfare schemes available in the					
77.	Soci	al implications of slum clearance ar	nd deve	elopment program are					
		I. Social segregation							
		II. Alien culture							
		III. Loss of employment							
		IV. Loss of value system.							
	Of th	nese							
	$\mathcal{M}$	(I), (II) and (IV) are correct	B)	All are correct					
	C)	(II), (III) and (IV) are correct	D)	(III) and (IV) are correct.					

78.	Whi	ch of the following statements is n	ot true	?						
	A)	Cities are heterogeneous								
>	B	Cities have social equality	Cities have social equality							
	C) `	Cities are marked by class extren	nes							
	D)	Cities are marked by anonymity.		•						
79.	Hou	sing shortage in India, at the end	of the 1	0th Plan was						
	A)	26·7 million	BI	24.7 million						
	<b>C</b> )	4·4 million	D)	19·3 million.						
80.	Cho	ose the main expression of value fa	avoural	ole to the city from the following:						
	A)	Housing	B)	CBD						
•	S	Art, Music, Drama	D)	None of these.						
81.	Àl le	east 3 kinds of expression of hostil	ities to	the city can be uncovered as listed						
	belo	w. Choose the expression unhostil	e to the	e city.						
	A)	Distaste of the masses	B)	Return to the nature						
•	Ø	Political liberalism	D)	Virtues of small town.						
82.	A se	et of persistent patterned social re	lations	ship among persons or positions is						
	calle	ed								
	A)	Community	B)	Society						
,	\Ø]	Social strucutre	D)	Value.						
83.	The	sub-class of social structure with	a rank	king system among the participants						
	in tl	ne social relationship is called								
	A)	Social entity	B)	Social disorganisation						
,	\@\	Social stratification	D)	None of these.						
84.	Maj	or cities will have pressure of po	pulatio	on not only by natural increase of						
	pop	ulation but also by	from r	ural areas and small and medium						
	size	towns.		i						
	A)	no movement	B	migration						
	C)	absorption	D)	relief.						
			10	I Tuma area						

85.	The	hapha	azard o	outgrov	wth of cit	ies, ofter	n miz	xing landuse in unplanned ways, is
	mos	t pree	isely k	nown a	as			•
	$\sqrt{N}$	urba	n spra	wl			B)	strip cities
	C)	mega	lopolis				D)	urban periphery.
86.	Urba	anism	means	<b>3</b>				•
	A)	popu	lation [	living i	n urban a	area		
	VB	a way	y of life	in urb	oan area			•
	C)	migra	ation o	f popul	ation fro	m rural t	o urt	oan arca
	·D)	sprea	d of d	evelopi	nents in	urban ai	rea.	
87.	The	caste	becom	es don	ninant wl	hen it pro	epon	dcrates over the numerically as well
	as w	ith						
	M	econo	omic a	nd poli	tical pow	er	B)	social and religious power
	C) `				omic pov		D)	political and social power.
88.	Mate	ch <b>Liș</b>	t I wit	h <b>List</b>	II correc	tly and s	elect	your answer using the codes given
	belo	w :	~.					
		a)		st I		11	Ť4 J	List II
		a)	Soci	ецу		1)		is a cluster of people living thin a narrow territorial radius
								to shares a common way of life.
		b)	Con	ımunit	V	2)		s the organization of several folk-
		·		•	•	ŕ		ys and mores into a unit, which
							sei	rves a number of social junctions.
		c)	Inst	itution		3)	It i	is characterized with interacting
							inc	lividual, communicating,
								aring and cooperating.
		d)	Asso	ociation	ıs	4)		social organisation is purposefully
	O - 1				•		cre	eated to attain specific goals.
	Code	es : a	b	c	đ			
	A)	2	· 4	3	1			•
	B)	4	3	. 1	2			
	S	3	1	2	4			
	D)	1	2	4	3			

- 89. Culture is
  - A) genetically transmitted
  - socially transmitted
  - C) politically transmitted
  - D) genetically and socially transmitted.
- 90. Joint family system which was an important aspect of traditional rural society is now giving way to nuclear family. What is the reason for this?
  - A) Increase of pressure on land
  - B) Employment opportunities in the neighbouring cities
  - C) Growth of new citizen and their increasing influence

    All of these.
- 91. Match List I with List II correctly and select your answer using the codes given below:

### List II List I a) 1) Caste It is the group of individuals who practise similar mode of life with common occupation, wealth etc. Social stratification b) 2) It is the group of families bearing common name forming a single homogeneous community based on tradition, occupation, religions etc. 3) Social change c) It is the transformation in the structure of society, values, norms, culture etc. Class 4) ďì It is the division of society into permanent groups linked with superiority & inferiority.

#### Codes:

	а	b	C	d
A)	3	4	2	1
B)	2	3	1	4
Ø)	4	1	3	2
D)	1	2	4	3.

- 92. The problems *viz.* poverty, caste, class, regional disparity, divorce, crime, gender, juvenile delinquency, suicide etc. are mainly considered as
  - A) ecological issues

B) economical issues

C) social issues

- (B) and (C).
- 93. Goals and objectives of 'Regional planning' may be any of the following.

  Use the code to answer.
  - 1. To balance the population distribution
  - II. To revitalise the main occupational sector and to identify potential economical activities
  - III. To improve and rationalise the transport system
  - IV. To meet the recreational need of city within the region.

Of these

A) (1) & (IV)

B) (I), (III) & (IV)

(1), (11) & (111)

- D) (I), (II), (III) & (IV).
- 94. "Regional surveys' are the following:

Use the codes to answer

- I. Physical factor
- II. Economical factors
- III. Social factors
- IV. Environmental factors.

Code:

A) (I), (II) & (III)

B) (II), (III) & (IV)



(I), (II), (III) & (IV)

D) (11) & (IV).

95.	The	maps	of the	Region	al Plan	may be	any o	f the following.	
•	Use	the co	odes to	answe	er:		,		
		I.	Land	d utilisa	ation				
		II.	Urba	an & rı	ıral gro	owth cen	itres		
		III.	Trar	sport &	k comn	nunicati	on		
		IV.	Area	of arc	haeolog	gical, his	storic 8	k religious importance	
		Code	s:						
	A)	(I), (II	I)				B)	(I), (II) & (III)	
	C)	(II), (I	II) & (I	V)			VDI)	(I), (II), (III) & (IV).	
96.	То ј	prepar	e Mast	er Plan	for a c	city, the	followi	ing are the very basic studies.	
	Use	the co	odes to	answe	er:				
		I.	Deli	neation	of plan	nning ar	ea		
		II.	Hist	orical e	volutio	n			
		III.	Geo	graphic	al, clin	natologic	cal & r	elated aspects	
		IV.	Regi	ional n	etwork.			v	
		Code	s:						
	A)	(I), (I	I) & (III	)			B)	(I), (III) & (IV)	
	C)	(I) &	(II)					(I), (II), (III) & (IV).	
97.	Mat	ch <b>Lis</b>	<b>t I</b> wit	h <b>List</b>	II corre	ectly and	d selec	t your answer using the codes giv	en
	belo	ow:	T	.ist I				List II	
		( Pr			NSCB )	)		( Concepts )	
	a)	Lan	d Bank	Schen	ne		1)	Self-supportive slum program	
	b)	Slui	n Rede	velopn	ent		2)	Environmental improvement	
	c)	Slu	n Impr	oveme	nt		3)	Service population	
	d)	Urb	an Rer	iewal			4)	Slum tenaments	
	Coc	les :							
		а	b	c	đ			•	
	A)	4	3	<b>2</b> .	1				
	B)	3	4	1	2			·	
	C)	4	3	1	2				
	<b>(</b> Ø	3	. 4	2	1.	,			
	٠, ١					6	08	[ Turn o	ver

98.	For	trans	sportation related studies of	urbaı	a areas we may need
	aeria	al pho	otographs.		
`	.A¥\	large	e scale	B)	very small scale
	C)	sma	ll scale	D)	moderate scale.
99.	Con	sider	the following statements :		,
		Ι.	A zone is an established distrare legally curbed.	ict wit	hin which certain rights of citizens
		II.	Zoning is the legal regulation	of the	use of land .
		111.	Zoning is an application of phealth.	olice	power for the protection of public
		IV.	Zoning establishes specific lim	itatio	ns on use of land.
	Of th	hese			•
	A)	(I),	(II) and (IV) are correct	B)	(II) and (IV) are correct
	0	All :	are correct	D)	(II) and (III) are correct.
100.	Metl	hod o	f evaluation which is considere	ed mo	re appropriate to evaluate alternate
	plan	s is			
\	AY	Goal	Achievement Matrix	B)	Financial Appraisal
	C)	Bene	efit Cost Ratio	D)	Planning Balance Sheet.
101.	Whi	ch su	rvey is not required for regiona	ıl plan	preparation ?
	A)	Phys	sical features	B)	Economic profile
	C)	Socia	al factors	M	Land & building use.
102.	How	man	y regions have bean delineated	in Ta	
\	À	8		B)	15
	C)	30		D)	10.
103.	Loca	ation (	theory is the basis for		
\	A)	Regi	onal science	B)	Economic geography
	C)	Histo	orical evidence	D)	Master planning.

104.	04. Which is the important planning unit in multilevel planning system?					
	A)	Nation	B)	State		
`		District	D)	Local.		
105.	Ever	y planning authority shall maintain	a sep	arate fund called		
	A)	Planning fund		•		
	B)	Development fund				
	C)	The Development and Planning Fu	nd"			
•	M	"The Planning and Development Fu	ınd".			
106.	Plan	prepared for a local planning area	is call	ed under the Tamil Nadu Town and		
	Cou	ntry Planning Act, 1971 as				
	A)	Local plan	B)	Sub-regional plan		
	C)	Village plan		Master plan.		
107.	07. What are the planning authorities to be constituted under Tamil Nadu Town and					
	Country Planning Act, 1971?					
	Grou	ip Authorities				
	A)	Regional Planning Authority, Sul	b-Regi	ional Planning Authority, District		
	•	Development Authority, Detailed Development	evelop	ment Plan Authority.		
1	<i>J</i> B)			Planning Authority, New Town		
	~`	Development Authority, Chennai M	-			
	C)	Regional Planning Authority,  Development Plan Authority, Distric		Planning Authority, Detailed nning Authority.		
•	D)	•		ng Authority, Chennai Metropolitan		
	,	Development Authority, Detail Deve				

108. A region may be

Group Regions

- A) Geographic region, Economic region, Local planning region, Social region,
- B) Geographic region, Socio-economic region, Detailed development plan region, Ad hoc region.
- C) Geographic region, Adhoc region, Metropolitan region, Sub-region
- Geographic region, Social region, Ad hoc region, Metropolitan region.
- 109. Regional survey may cover mainly

Physical factors, Economic factors and Social factors

- B) Physical factors, Political factors and Economic factors
- C) Physical factors, Social factors and Non-economic factors
- D) Physical factors, Celestial factors and Social factors.
- 110. Tamil Nadu Town and Country Planning Act, 1971 has adopted the various similar provisions of
  - U. K. Town and Country Planning Act, 1947
  - B) U. K. Town and Country Planning Act, 1939
  - C) U. K. Town and Country Planning Act, 1968
  - D) U. K. Town and Country Planning Act, 1925.
- 111. Under residential use zone, the following accessory uses are permissible. Find out the non-permissible.
  - A) Local shopping

B) Nursery school

C) Hostels

- D) Godown.
- 112. Which of the following statements is wrong?
  - The Madras Town Planning Act, 1920, was in force in the Madras city only
    - B) It had provision to prepare a plan equivalent to master plan
    - C) It provided for collection of charges from land owners
    - D) It had provision for creation of town planning fund.

113. Match **List I** correctly with **List II** and select your answer using the codes given below:

			List !	ľ		List II ( Salient Features )		
	( U.	K. Tow	n Pla	nning A	cts-Year)			
	a)	1909			1.	Planning for both urban and rural areas		
	b)	1919			<b>2.</b>	Town planning functions separated from housing		
	c)	1925			3.	Power to local bodies to prepare plans		
	d)	1932			4.	Joint town planning scheme.		
Code	es:							
	а	b	$\boldsymbol{c}$	đ				
S	3	4	2	1				

- 114. The planning authority shall accord planning permission under which of the provisions of the Town and Country Planning Act ?
  - A) Section 11 of the T& C.P. Act

3

1

4

4.

B)

C)

D)

3

 $\mathbf{2}$ 

2

2

3

B) Section 26 of the T& C.P. Act

Secton 49 of the T& C.P. Act

- D) Section 47 of the T & C.P. Act.
- 115. Planning Authority constituted under T & C.P. Act includes the following, except
  - A) Regional Planning Authority
  - B) Local Planning Authority
  - C) New Town Development Authority
  - Town and Country Planning Board.

- 116. The Tamil Nadu Public Health Act 1939, provides for
  - A) a comprehensive zoning of areas
  - B) zoning of industrial area

zoning of residential area

- D) zoning of area affected by epidemics.
- 117. The Tamil Nadu District Municipalities Act, 1919, stipulates that the commissioner shall either sanction, refuse or return a building plan application within
  - A) 60 days from the date of receipt
  - B) 30 days from the date of approval

30 days from the date of receipt of the application

- D) 15 days from the date of receipt of the application.
- 118. The Chennai City Municipal Corporation Building Rules stipulate that the height of a building shall not exceed
  - A) two times the width of the abutting street

one and half times the width of the abutting street

- C) 1.75 times the width of the abutting street
- D) 18 metres.
- 119. Duration of planning permission issued under the Tamil Nadu Town and Country Planning Act, 1971 is
  - A) 5 years

B) 2 years

C) l year

D) 3 years.

- 120. After preparation of master plan by the local planning authority, the master plan is to be submitted to the Government. If need be, Government may ask for modifications. Accordingly the local planning authority shall make modifications and resubmit. After that under Section 24 (2), Government are to do something. What is that?
  - A) Government approves the master plan
  - B) Government directs the Director of Town & Country Planning to approve
  - C) Government directs the director to give consent
  - Government is to give consent.
- 121. After the local planning authority receives the consent, it should publish the notice of consent in
  - Al Tamil Nadu Government Gazette
  - B) District Gazette
  - C) Leading daily newspapers
  - Tamil Nadu Government Gazette and leading daily newspapers.
- 122. Objections and suggestions are to be invited from public within a period from the date of publication of consent. What is that period?
  - A) Not less than 3 months
- Not less than 2 months
- C) Not less than 1 month
- D) Not less than 45 days.
- 123. In what way, any land needed for development as required, reserved, or designated in master plan for a public purpose is to be acquired?
  - A) To be acquired under Land Acquisition Act, 1894
  - Acquisition is not necessary, as the land designated in the plan shall be deemed to have been acquired under Land Acquisition Act, 1894
    - C) To be acquired under Tamil Nadu Estates Land Act, 1908
    - D) To be acquired under Tamil Nadu District Municipalities Act. 1920.

124. The approval of the detailed development plan is accorded under which of the following sections of the T. N. T & C.P. Act, 1971?					
Λ)	Section 25	B)	Section 27		
(a)	Section 29	D)	Section 31.		

125. Under T. N. District Municipalities Building Rules, 1972, the minimum clearance between the building and water body should be

A	100 m	B)	90 m
C)	30 m	VDI)	15 m.

126. Under T. N. District Municipalities Building Rules, 1972, the minimum clearance between a house site and burial / burning ground should be

A) 150 m	B)	120 m
√0) 90 m	D)	15 m.

127. The T. N. District Municipalities Building Rules, 1972 prescribes the minimum requirements for a habitable room as

	Superficial Area	Width
A)	8·0 m <sup>2</sup>	2.5 m
B	7·5 m <sup>2</sup>	2.5 m
<b>C</b> )	8·0 m <sup>2</sup>	2.75 m
D)	7·5 m <sup>2</sup>	2·70 m

128. Appropriate planning authority means

- A) a Regional Planning Authority
- B) a Local Planning Authority
- C) a New Town Development Authority

a Regional Planning Authority, a Local Planning Authority or a New Town Development Authority.

129. Appropriate planning authority is constituted under which one of the following sections of T.N.T. & C.P. Act ?

130.	. Planning area means				
	A)	a regional planning area			
	B)	a local planning area	· •		
	C)	a site for a new town			
`	<b>1</b> 01	a regional planning area, a loc	al plannin	g area or a site for a new town.	
131.		ropriate 'Planning Area' is decl Γ. N. T. & C.P. Act, 1971 ?	ared under	r which of the following sections of	
	A)	Section 18	B)	Section 15	
	C)	Section 11		Section 10.	
132.	The	small trailing plants which cov	er the grou	and beneath shrubs & trees are	
^	M	ground covers	B)	vines	
	C)	broad-leaved evergreen	D)	shrubs.	
133.		result of the total mass of a pl	ant or its o	outline against the sky is described	
	A)	Texture	B)	Variety	
	C)	Balance		Form.	
134.	-	phasis on water conservation airements have led to a type of		ase of plants that have low water	
	A)	Periscape	.B(\)	Xeriscape	
	E).	Topiary	D)	None of these.	
135.		first widely used flush toilet wa		•	
,	A)	1514	В)	1642	
	C)	1775	ارم	1848.	
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136.		eating materials or plants in onstrating the principle of	differ	rent areas of the landscape is		
		Balance		Rhythm & line		
	A)		-) ( <del>Q</del>	-		
	C)	Proportion	D)	Simplicity.		
137.		is the basic means of formin	g outo	door walls with plants.		
`	A) \	Linear planting	B)	Corner planting		
	C)	Centre planting	D)	None of these.		
138.	Whi	ch is the function of the modern fou	ndatio	on planting ?		
`	A)	To hide the unsightly foundation of	f the n	modern house		
	·B)	To prevent the house from being s	een fr	rom the street		
	C)	To tie the house in with the rest of	the la	andscape		
	D)	None of these.				
139.	Whi	ch of the following plants would r	ot wo	ork well at the incurve of a corner		
	bed	?		,		
•	M	Vine	B)	Speciment plant		
	C)	Accent plant	D)	None of these.		
140.	40. If one side of a landscape attracts the same attention as the opposite side, the designer has used the principle of					
	A)	Rhythm	B)	Proportion		
	C)	Emphasis	D	Balance.		
141.	41. What is the most desirable method of labelling plant symbol?					
•	AV	Near the symbol	B)	By coding		
	C)	By numbering	D)	By arrow.		
142.	Why	is the directional arrow necessary	on the	e final plan ?		
	A)	It is ornate and attractive				
4	P	It orients the property on the plan				
	C)	It tells which way the wind blows	across	s the property		
	DI	Name of Alexan				

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143.	143. Which of the following is not a part of the final presentation plan labelling?						
	A)	Plant list	B)	Designer's name			
•	$\sqrt{2}$	Price list	D)	Client's name.			
144.	Why plan	•	he con	nmon and the botanical names of			
. ,	A)	Clients are impressed by the use of	of bota	nical names			
~	B	Some common names are localized	d and o	only the botanical name is reliable			
	C)	Some plants have only common na	ames				
	D)	Some plants have only botanical n	ames.	•			
145.	The	rigid, geometric shrubs function be	est				
•	M	as accent or specimen plants	B)	on corners of building			
	C)	as softeners	D)	as wildlife attractants.			
146.	Berg	geria cordifolia is an example for		•			
•	M	coarse texture	B)	smooth texture			
	C)	rough texture	D)	none of these.			
147.	Whi	ch of the following plants has a col	oured 1	leaf ?			
	A)	Hibiscus	B)	Coral bury			
•	$\omega$	Japanese red maple	D)	None of these.			
148.	Whe	en the design of a park is informal,	the tre	ee planting should also express			
	A)	Formal Design	<b>(B)</b>	Informal Design			
	C)	Asymmetrical Design	D)	None of these.			
149.		agreement between two parties erials provided by the other is	in wh	nich one party agrees to pay for			
•	W)	Contractor	B)	Relationship			
	C)	Arrangement	D)	Specification.			

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150. Iden	tify the "specific definition" of the term 'Landscape' :							
A)	The environ around us	The environ around us						
B)	It is the four dimensional dynamic	eleme	ent					
$\langle \sigma \rangle$	It is the product of physical elemen	nts an	d social elements					
D)	It includes earth, water and plants	١.						
151. 'Lan	dscape Architecture' mainly deals w	ith	•					
<b>A)</b>	fine art & technical aspects							
B)	technical & aesthetic aspects							
C)	aesthetic & scientific aspects							
	environmental & aesthetic aspects	•	· · · ·					
152. The	act of proecting the trees in the env	rironn	nent is termed					
M	preservation	B)	destruction					
C)	alteration	D)	accentuation.					
153. From		open	spaces' in "ascending hierarchical					
Use	code to give answer.							
	I. Children's park							
	II. Tot-lot							
	III. Residential district park							
	IV. Neighbourhood park.							
Of th	ese							
A)	(I), (II), (IV) & (III)	B)	(III) (IV), (I) & (II)					
S	(II) (I), (IV) & (III)	D)	(II), (I), (III) & (IV).					

154. Shrubs generally grow to a height of

1.5 m to 3 m

B) 4.5 m to 6 m

· C) 6.0 m to 9 m

D) 10.5 m to 12 m.

List II

- 155. Which one of the following relating to Roadside planting and plants used in highway median strips is not true?
  - A) Help reduce glare of oncoming headlight
  - Selling of fruits from roadside planting fetches good income
    - C) Visual improvement of highway landscape

List I

- D) Separate the light of highway traffic from adjacent residential areas.
- 156. Match **List I** with **List II** correctly and select your answer using the codes given below:

		1./1	of 1		LAST II			
	( Natı	are of	Instru	ction )		( Type of sign )		
	a)	No e	entry		1)	Warning sign		
	b)	Halt	& go		2)	Temporary sign		
	c)	Zing	-zag cı	urve	3)	Mandatory sign		
	d)	Men	at wo	rk	4)	Prohibitory sign.		
Code	es:			ę				
	а	b	c	đ	•			
A)	1	2	3	4				
B	4	3	1	2	-			
C)	3	4	2	1				
D)	2	1	4	3.				

157. Match List I with List II correctly and select your answer using the codes given below:

		L	ist Į			List II
	a)	Visio	on defe	ect	1) -	Road users' characteristics – psychological factor
	b)	Emotional feelings			2)	Vehicle characteristics – static factor
	c)	Vehicle dimension			3) .	Road users' characteristics - physical factor
	d)	Vehicle power			4)	Vehicle characteristics – dynamic factor.
Code	es:					•
	а	b	c	đ		
<b>A)</b>	2	4	3	1		
B)	1	3	4	2		
VO)	3	1	2	4 .		
D)	4	2	1	3.		•

158. Match **List I** with **List II** correctly and select your answer using the codes given below:

			Li	ist I		List II
	a)	The	rate at	t which vehicles		
		pass	s a poi:	nt on a road	1)	Volume
	b)	No.	of vehi	cles pass a point		
		in a	given	time period	2)	Capacity
	c)	The	concer	ntration of vehicles		
		on a	road a	at an instant time	3)	Flow
	d)	Max	dmum	rate of flow of vehicles		
		that	can pa	ass a point on a road	4)	Density.
Code	es:					
	а	b	C	đ		
A)	2	4	1	3	·	
B)	1	2	.3	4		
C)	4	3	2	1		
(D)	3	1	4	2.		

159. Match List I with List II correctly and select your answer using the codes given below:

## List I List II a) Basic capacity 1) Maximum no. of vehicles that can can pass a given point of road per hour under optimum traffic condition b) Possible capacity 2) Maximum no. of vehicles that can pass at a point of road under ideal condition per hour c) Practical capacity Maximum no. of vehicles that can 3) pass at a point of road per hour under prevailing condition d) Tolerable capacity Maximum no. of vehicles that can 4) pass a given point of road per hour between operating speed of 56 kmph and average speed of

road under consideration.

Codes:

	a	b	c	đ
A)	4	1	3	2
<b>√</b> P∫	2	3	1	4
<b>C</b> )	3	2	4	1
<b>D</b> )	1	4	2	3.

160. Use the code and relate the list to give correct answer on "Compatible Landuse" around airport :

42

List

- I. Non-urban use
- II. Bird habitat area
- III. Farm & poultry
- IV. Recreational green space.

Of these

A) (I), (II) & (III)

(I) & (IV)

C) (I), (III) & (IV)

- D) (I), (II), (III) & (IV)
- 161. Match **List I** with **List II** correctly and select your answer using the codes given below:

## List II List I Mumbai Port 1) Artificial seaport a) Chennai Port b) 2) Natural seaport Port at confluence of sea & river c) Vishakhapatnam Port 3) d) Marmagoa Port Semi-natural seaport 4)

Codes:

đ  $\boldsymbol{a}$ 1 3 2 4 2 1 4 3 3 2 C) 4 1 D) 2 3 1.

- 162. Harbour entrance should be
  - A) on 'windward' side

on 'leeward' side

- C) 'along predominant wind' direction
- D) 'against predominant wind' direction.

- 163. The minimum distance between two air terminal facilities ( airports ) to operate jet engine aircrafts under IFR condition is
  - A) 126 km

160 km

C) 180 km -

- D) 210 km.
- 164. Which of the following is ture?
  - A) Air field is the emergency landing strip located along air route at intervals
  - B) Air strip is part of aerodrome used exclusively for landing & take-off operations
  - C) Airport is mainly intended for international traffic with customs & immigration facilities

Aerodrome is any defined area intended to be used for aircraft operations.

165. Match **List I** with **List II** correctly and select your answer using the codes given below:

List I

## ( Airport Type )

(Range of Runway length in m)

b - type

1)

c - type

2) 1490 - 900

749 - 600

List II

d - type

3) 2099 - 1500

e - type

4) 899 - 750.

Codes:

	b	c	đ	e
, <b>A)</b>	4	3	1	2
B)	1	4	2	3
M	3	2	4	1
D)	2	1	3	4.

166. Match List I with List II correctly and select your answer using the codes given below:

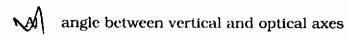
			List	1		•		List II
		a)	Bro	ad gau	ge	•	1)	1-435 m to 1-451 m
		<b>b</b> )	Met	re gau	ge	-	2)	1.676 m
		c)	Sta	ndard (	gauge		3)	1.00 m .
		d)	Nar	row ga	uge		4)	0·762 m.
	Code	es :						
		а	<b>b</b> .	c	d			
	A)	4	1	3	2			
`	B) /	2	3	1	4	•		
	C) ·	3	4	2	1			
	D)	1	2	4	3.			· A
167.	In In	idia, 'n	naximu	ım per	missil	ole gra	dients'	for all gauges of railway in station
	yard	s with	destra	ble val	ues' aı	re		
	A)	1 in 40	00 & 1	in 800	)		B)	1 in 500 & 1 in 1000
`	ØN	l in 40	00 & 1	in 100	00		D)	l in 600 & l in 1200.
168.	In ra	ilway s	tation	s, whic	h one	of the	followin	g is considered as 'Flag station'?
	A)	Class	A stati	on			B)	Class B station
	C)	Class	C stati	on			VDI)	Class D station.
169.	The	basic v	ehicle	unit to	asses	s the o	capacity	of road is
	A)	Jeep					BI	Car
	C)	Bus					D)	Bullock cart
170.	Proh	ibitory	signs	are cla	ssified	in Ind	lian Mot	or Vehicles Act under
	A)	Warnii	ng sign	1			<b>B</b> )	Informatory sign
\	ØÌ	Manda	itory si	gn			<b>D)</b>	None of these.

171. On major divided straight roads the lighting layout may be of the following types

	exce	ept			
	A)	Single side	B)	Staggered ( both sides	)
	<b>C</b> }	Central	DO	Staggered and central.	
172.	A loc	cal street allows			
	A)	unrestricted parking and restric	ted pede	strian movement	
•	B	unrestricted parking and unrest	ricted pe	edestrian movement	
	C)	restricted parking and restricted	pedestr	ian movement	
	D)	restricted parking and unrestric	ted pede	strian movement.	
173.	Nati	onal Highways are			,
•	A	rural roads			
•	B)	urban roads			
	C) `	partially urban & partially rural	roads		
	D)	none of these.	,		,
174.	The	design speed suggested by IRC f	or local	streets is	
	A)	50 kmph	В)	60 kmph	
	C)	40 kmph	\delta	30 kmph.	
175.	Crit	eria elements for site selection of	airports	are	
•	<b>,</b> ₩	'soil, regional plan, topography, i	meteorol	ogical factors	
	B)	future development, site shape,	noise, ti	dal range	
	C)	accessibility, meteorological fact	ors, nois	se, site alignment	
	D)	regional plan, topography, wind	, range.	,	
176.	Che	eapest mode of the transportation	system	is	
	A)	Highways	B	Waterways	
	C)	Ropeways	D)	Railways.	
			608		[ Turn over

177.	Slov	lowest mode of transportation system is					
•	$\sqrt{\alpha}$	Waterways	<b>B</b> )	Pipeways			
	C)	Highways .	D)	Ropeways.			
178.	Para	allax bar is used to measure					
•	M	X-parallax	B)	Y-parallax			
	C)	Z-parallax	D)	all of these.			
179.	Reli	ef displacement is the distortion ca	iused o	n the photograph due to			
	A)	distance travelled by aircraft					
•	<b>B</b> )	height of point or feature					
	C)	shaking of aircraft due to wind		•			
	D)	movement of aircraft up and dow	n.				
180.	The	photobase is the distance between	1				
`	M	principal points in neighbouring p	hotogra	aphs			
	B)	base points on ground					
	C)	base of photo and ground		•			
	<b>D)</b> ,	nadir of photograph and principle	point.	•			
181.	Vert	ical sketch master is used to		•			
	A)	measure parallax		planimetric mapping			
	C)	radial line triangulation	D)	contour mapping.			
182.	Cont	trolled mosaic is prepared from					
	A)	aerial photographs	VB)	rectified and ratioed photographs			
	C)	rectified photographs	D)	tilted photographs.			

٠	1	83	Ti	1t	is



- B) clock-wise angle measured in plan of the photography from positive y-axis
- C) angle between photoplane and vertical axis
- D) angle between photoplane and optical axis.
- 184. Parallax bar constant is equal to (  $\gamma$ =reading of parallax bar, p=parallax, b=photobase).

$$A$$
  $P-\gamma$ 

B) 
$$P + \gamma$$

C) 
$$b-\gamma$$

D) 
$$b + \gamma$$

185. This is the process of obtaining equivalent vertical photographs from a tilted photograph, while camera station being the same.

What is that process?

A) Correction

B) Photo correction

C) Tilt correction

- Rectification.
- 186. Rectification does not correct
  - A) Tone

B) Image

C) Colour

- Relief displacement.
- 187. These photographs are taken with photo-theodolites from camera stations on the ground with the axis of camera horizontal and they present the more familiar elevation views.

What are these photographs called?

- A) Ordinary photographs
- B) Horizontal photographs
- C) Vertical photographs
- Terrestrial photographs.

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Turn over

188. Th	e small scale aerial photography is u	sed for	r ,
A)	urban planning	<b>B</b> )	village planning
\d^	regional planning	D)	traffic planning.
1 <b>8</b> 9. Th	ese photographs are taken with the	axis of	the aerial camera vertical or nearly
vei	rtical.		
W	nat are these photographs called?		
S	Vertical photographs	B)	Horizontal photographs
C)	Low oblique photographs	<b>D)</b>	High oblique photographs.
190. Fİ	ring heights are reckoned from the m	ean se	ea level. So mean sea level is called
Á	Datum plane	B)	Horizontal plane
C)	Vertical plane	D)	Angular plane.
	e line joining two successive came	ra sta	tions of aerial photography or its
A)	Air camera distance	B)	Camera length
	Air base	D)	Camera base.
	ch distinguishable shade variation otograph is called	on fro	om black to white in the aerial
A)	black shade	B)	white shade
S)	tone	D)	black white shade.
193. A j	positive photograph on a transparent	mediu	ım is called
A)	transparent positive	B)	transparent negative
S	diapositive	D)	dianegative.
194. Th	e angle between the ground plane an	d the	photoplane is called
A)	photo angle	B)	ground angle
C)	image angle	Ideal	tilt.
	600	3	•

195.	Angle measured in the plane of the photograph between the fiducial axis in the direction of flight and the actual flight line is called			
and the detail ingite into the detail ingite into its tailed				
	A)	Tilt	В)	Angle of error
	C)	Negative angle		Swing.
196.	. Scale of photograph is the relationship between distance on a photograph and			
the actual distance.				
	Ä)	principal	B)	accurate
	C)	vertical	\D\)	ground.
197.	7. GIS denotes which of the following?			
	<b>A)</b>	Geological Information System		Geographical Information System
•	C)	General Information System	D)	Growth Information System.
198.	8. Fiducial marks in the aerial photography is to determine			
	A) ·	Flying height	В)	Focal length
•	\$	Principal point	D)	None of these.
199.	9. Uncontrolled mosaic is			
	A)	compilation of scaled and rectified photographs.		
	B)	compilation of rectified photo without regard to any horizontal control		
		position		
`	Ø	compilation of photograph without regard to any horizontal control position		
	D)	none of these.		

A)

B)

D)

4

2

3

1

3

200. Match List I with List II correctly and select your answer using the codes given • below:

List I List II a) A retaining with deck constructed along the shore 1) Wet dock b) The structure with deck which jets into the sea 2) Dry dock c) Partially enclosed water basin formed by retaining walls for handling cargo & passengers 3) Pier d) Partially enclosed water basin formed by retaining walls for repair of ships & boats 4) Quay. Codes: d b а C 1 3 3 4 2 1

 $\mathbf{2}$ 

4.



